

**Course Outcomes**  
**Department of Philosophy**  
**A.K.P.C. Mahavidyalaya**

<b>After the successful completion of the Core Course-1(Outlines of Indian Philosophy—I), the students will have a fair understanding of</b>	
CO-1	Metaphysical, epistemological and ethical differences among the traditional Indian philosophical schools.
CO-2	The different metaphysical standpoints: monist, dualist and pluralist.
CO-3	The different path to attainment of liberation or mokṣa.
CO-4	The fact that though the schools look different in terms of their metaphysical, epistemological or ethical standpoints, they have a common platform. They (except Chārvāka) believed that liberation or mokṣa is the ultimate goal of our life.
<b>After the successful completion of the Core Course-1(Outlines of Western Philosophy—I), the students will know</b>	
CO-1	Some of the central views of the early Greek philosophers.
CO-2	The common characteristics among the rationalists.
CO-3	The different views about the characteristics of ideas, dravya, guna etc.
CO-4	The different arguments about the existence of God.
<b>After the successful completion of the Core Course-3(Outlines of Indian Philosophy—II), the students will develop a clear idea of</b>	
CO-1	Important philosophical issues relating to truth and knowledge
CO-2	How the philosophical schools engaged with the ideas relating to the creation of the world.
CO-3	How we can get the knowledge of the world and what ought to be the purpose of our life in that world.

**Course Outcomes**  
**Department of Philosophy**  
**A.K.P.C. Mahavidyalaya**

<b>After the successful completion of the Core Course-4(Outlines of Western Philosophy—II), the students will know</b>	
CO-1	What the basic difference between the rationalists and the empiricists is?
CO-2	Empiricists observation about the empirical world, the knowledge of this world.
CO-3	The claims of the critical philosopher, Kant.
CO-4	Whether a synthetic a priori judgment is possible or not.
<b>After the successful completion of the Core Course-5(Indian Ethics), the students will have a clear understanding of</b>	
CO-1	The important Indian moral concepts.
CO-2	The importance of moral philosophy in personal as well as professional life.
CO-3	The role of Śrīmadbhagavadgītā in our daily life.
<b>After the successful completion of the Core Course-6(Western Ethics), the students will be able to</b>	
CO-1	Identify and explain the main ethical or moral issues that arise in everyday life.
CO-2	Distinguish the basic ethical theories and approaches including deontology, utilitarianism etc.
CO-3	Apply the basic ethical concepts and approaches to solving practical problems in ethics including capital punishment, euthanasia, gender equality etc.
<b>After the successful completion of the Core Course-7(Indian Logic), the students will have a clear understanding of</b>	
CO-1	The basic difference between the concept of knowledge and jñāna.
CO-2	What jñāna is? And its different types.
CO-3	The exact meaning of the word pramā and pramāṇa.
CO-4	The different types of instrumental cause or pramāṇa and their clear explanations.
<b>After the successful completion of the course SEC-1(Philosophy in Practice), the students will learn</b>	
CO-1	What kind of problem will arise if the word ‘Philosophy’ is used as a synonym of the word ‘darśana’ or darśana as a synonym of Philosophy.
CO-2	How the inquiry of Western Philosophy differs from Bhāratīya darśana in terms of epistemology and metaphysics.
CO-3	Who can participate in a debate and how?

**Course Outcomes**  
**Department of Philosophy**  
**A.K.P.C. Mahavidyalaya**

<b>After the successful completion of the Core Course-8 (Western Logic-I), the students will have a clear understanding of</b>	
CO-1	Arguments, deductive and inductive form of arguments.
CO-2	Diagram of a correct argument after distinguishing the premise and conclusion of an argument.
CO-3	The mediate inference to translate them into correct logical symbolic form and test their validity by general rules and venn diagram technique.
<b>After the successful completion of the Core Course-9 (Psychology), the students will be able to</b>	
CO-1	Understand the world of psychology as they get a brief historical sketch of the science of psychology and a glimpse into the methods used in the study of human behaviour.
CO-2.	Understand fundamental process underlying sensation, perception, cognition, memory, learning, motivation, emotion, intelligence, personality and state of consciousness
CO-3	Apply the principles of psychology in day-to-day life for a better understanding of themselves and others.
<b>After the successful completion of the Core Course-10 (Philosophy of Religion), the students will have a clear understanding of</b>	
CO-1	The main issues and arguments relevant to the classical theistic concept of God.
CO-2	The main philosophical and religious arguments for and against the existence of God.
CO-3	The different philosophical views regarding God, like monotheism, polytheism, henotheism etc.
<b>After the successful completion of the course SEC-2(Philosophy of Human Rights), the students will learn</b>	
CO-1	What human right is.
CO-2	Different kinds of laws and the problems to the realization of human rights.
CO-3	General ideas about natural right, fundamental right, duty etc.

**Course Outcomes**  
**Department of Philosophy**  
**A.K.P.C. Mahavidyalaya**

<b>After the successful completion of the Core Course-11 (Socio-Political Philosophy), the students will have a clear and basic conception of</b>	
CO-1	Society, social group, community, association institution, social mores, folkways etc.
CO-2	The root cause of the class or caste system.
CO-3	Ambedkar's criticism of caste system.
<b>After the successful completion of the Core Course-12 (Western Logic-II), the students will know</b>	
CO-1	The process of conversations between the two or more persons by using words or sentences.
CO-2	The meaning of a word or a sentence.
CO-3	The meaning of truth as interpreted by idealist and pragmatist thinkers.
<b>After the successful completion of the course DSE-1(Kaṭhapaniṣad), the students will learn</b>	
CO-1	How to do philosophical analysis of ancient texts.
CO-2	The philosophical ideas inherent in the story of Nachiketa, like - pursuit of the inner life, the need for a spiritual guide, the nature of higher knowledge, mystery of life and death, path of liberation etc.
CO-3	How to improve things or direct our life in the direction of our desires and dreams in our short life.
<b>After the successful completion of the course DSE-2(B. Russell:The Problems of Philosophy), the students will learn</b>	
CO-1	Whether there is any knowledge which is so certain that no reasonable man could doubt it.
CO-2	What is meant by reality, nature of matter, inductive reasoning, truth, limits of philosophical knowledge etc.
CO-3	Differences between 'knowledge by acquaintance' and 'knowledge by description'.
CO-4	The value of philosophy.

**Course Outcomes**  
**Department of Philosophy**  
**A.K.P.C. Mahavidyalaya**

<b>After the successful completion of the Core Course-13 (Philosophy in the Twentieth Century: Indian), the students will have a clear understanding of</b>	
CO-1	The philosophical concepts found in the writings of the twentieth century.
CO-2	Concepts like religion, nature of man etc. in the opinion of the philosophers of the twentieth century.
CO-3	The different opinions about the nature of God, nature of the world, nature of truth, concept of ahimsa etc. from traditional Indian philosophers to contemporary Indian thinkers.
<b>After the successful completion of the Core Course-14 (Philosophy in the Twentieth Century: Western), the students will be able to know</b>	
CO-1	The concept of knowledge in the opinion of the contemporary Western thinkers.
CO-2.	Different theories of meaning
CO-3	The concept of being and freedom.
<b>After the successful completion of the course DSE-3(Rabindranath Tagore: Sadhana), the students will learn</b>	
CO-1	Some possible answers to the central questions of philosophy – i.e. why are we?, is evil absolute and ultimate?, if we are ultimately infinite then what reason is behind the realization of our self as finite?
CO-2	How individuals relate themselves with the universe or Brahma, the all conscious, all pervading spirit.
CO-3	How to philosophize in literature?
<b>After the successful completion of the course DSE-4(Hume : An Enquiry Concerning Human Understanding), the students will learn</b>	
CO-1	The basic differences between the parts of Philosophy i.e. natural philosophy and the philosophy of human nature.
CO-2	How the objects are either ‘relations of ideas’ or ‘matters of fact’.
CO-3	Explore issues relating to personal identity.
CO-4	Outlines of various skeptical arguments.